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Max Marks :100

EXAM For : IBPS CLERKS (PRELIMINARY)

MODEL PAPER-2

Time : 60Min

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (1 – 5) : Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (5) i.e. 'No Error'. (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any).

1. I noticed (1)/ several reporters (2)/ hovering around (3)/ outside of the courtroom. (4) No Error (5)
2. My colleague had (1)/ a hard time juggling (2)/ the needs of her family (3)/ with the demands of her job. (4)/ No Error (5)
3. Despite all (1)/ the media hype. (2)/ I found the film as (3)/ very disappointing. (4)/ No Error (5)
4. Given that (1)/ there was so less time, (2)/ I think the students have (3)/ done a good job. (4)/ No Error (5)
5. The winner of (1)/ the journalist of the year award was (2)/ not other than (3)/ the editor's daughter. (4)/ No Error (5)

Directions (6 – 10) : In each of the following sentences, an idiomatic expression or a proverb is highlighted. Select the alternative which best describes its use in the sentence.

6. In the last budget, the government **brought in** a new scheme of taxation.
(1) prioritised (2) displayed
(3) notified (4) introduced
(5) purchased
7. The sales of the company are **increasing by leaps and bounds**.
(1) as proposed
(2) in calculated ways
(3) with extreme rapidity
(4) very slowly
(5) far lesser than expected
8. The police made considerable **headway** in sorting the papers.
(1) progress (2) movement
(3) action (4) recognition
(5) measurement
9. The kind old woman received the stranger **with open arms**.

- (1) with her arms free
- (2) with warmth
- (3) with restraint
- (4) with gratitude
- (5) with hesitation

10. My friend ran off **belter-skelter** down the slope.

- (1) unknowingly
- (2) with minimum speed
- (3) purposefully
- (4) with unwavering focus
- (5) hurriedly and in confusion

Directions (11 – 15) : Rearrange the following six sentences/ group of sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- (A) Then Bankel said to his pupils, "It is my duty to teach him. I am going to keep him here even if the rest of you leave."
- (B) During one of these gatherings, a pupil was caught stealing.
- (C) Whenever Bankel held his meditation classes, pupils from many parts of Japan would enroll in them.
- (D) Listening to his master, a stream of tears rolled down the face of the brother who had stolen. All desire to steal had thereafter vanished.
- (E) As soon as Bankel had read the petition he called everyone before him. "You are wise brothers," he told them. "You know what is right and what is wrong, but this poor brother does not even know right from wrong."
- (F) This angered the other pupils, who drew up a petition asking for the dismissal of the thief, stating that otherwise they would all leave.

11. Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after the rearrangement ?

- (1) B (2) C
- (3) F (4) A
- (5) E

12. Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after the rearrangement ?

- (1) C (2) E
- (3) F (4) B
- (5) A

13. Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after the rearrangement ?

- (1) A (2) D
- (3) F (4) C
- (5) E

14. Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after the rearrangement ?

- (1) D (2) C
- (3) F (4) B
- (5) E

15. Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after the rearrangement ?

- (1) D (2) C
- (3) B (4) A
- (5) F

Directions (16 – 20) : In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

A merchant was taking a morning stroll by the seaside when he saw a man squatting on the beach and filling a cup with sand. The merchant watched the man as he [16] the contents of the cup on a large pile of sand beside him and filled the cup again. He continued to repeat this activity. The merchant was curious and so went up to him and asked him what he was doing.

"I am Bidhata (meaning Fate)," said the man. "I am measuring the food each man is to [17] today." "Can you really do that ?" asked the merchant. "I challenge you to withhold my midday meal today!" "As you wish," replied Bidhata.

The merchant [18] a fish from the fish market across the road, took it home and gave it to his wife. Then he went to his place of work. In the afternoon he came home and sat down to eat. His wife placed the cooked fish before him. "Fate has it that I won't get my midday meal," rejoiced the man. "But now who can stop me from eating this delicious fish ?" And he [19] out laughing. His wife thought he was laughing at the way the fish had been prepared and she began to scold him. The merchant got angry. He got up and stormed out of the house. It was only when he cooled down that he realised the [20] of what had happened: Fate had succeeded in withholding his share of food for that afternoon.

- (1) 27 m (2) 35 m
 (3) 32 m (4) 42 m
 (5) None of these

70. In a class of 40 children, Saurabh's rank is eighth from the top. Mamta is five ranks below Saurabh. What is Mamta's rank from the bottom?

- (1) 27th (2) 29th
 (3) 28th (4) 26th
 (5) Cannot be determined

71. If it is possible to make only one meaningful word from the fourth, sixth, ninth and eleventh letters of the word CONTAMINATE, then the second letter from the left is your answer. If no such word can be formed then your answer is X and if more than one such word can be formed your answer is Y.

- (1) X (2) T
 (3) M (4) A
 (5) Y

72. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word PRODUCTION each of which has as many letters between them (in both forward and backward directions) in the word, as they have between them in the English alphabetical series?

- (1) None (2) One
 (3) Two (4) Three
 (5) Four

73. How many meaningful English words can be formed with the letters ABKC using each letter only once in each word? (All the four letters to be used in the word)

- (1) None (2) One
 (3) Two (4) Three
 (5) More than three

74. '2' is subtracted from each odd digit and '1' is added to each even digit in the number 7652348. Which of the following will be the sum of the second digit from the right and the third digit from the left of the new number thus formed?

- (1) 10 (2) 8
 (3) 4 (4) 6
 (5) 9

75. Which of the following will come in place of the question mark?

ZX YV WS ? FJ

- (1) TO
 (2) TN
 (3) UO
 (4) SO
 (5) TP

Directions (76-80) : Study the following information carefully

and answer the questions given below:

A, B, C, D, P, Q, R and S are sitting around a circle facing the centre. P is third to the left of A and R is second to the right of A. Q is not an immediate neighbour of either P or R. C sits third to the right of S and S sits exactly between C and R.

76. Who sits between P and S ?

- (1) D (2) R
 (3) Q (4) A
 (5) C

77. How many persons sit between A and P when counted in anti clockwise direction from A ?

- (1) One (2) Two
 (3) Three (4) Four
 (5) Five

78. Who is sitting to the immediate right of A ?

- (1) Q (2) R
 (3) D (4) B
 (5) None of these

79. Four of the following five are similar in a certain way based on their positions in the seating arrangement and so form a group. Which of the following does not belong to that group?

- (1) QD (2) CS
 (3) AB (4) SR
 (5) PC

80. What is S's position with respect to D ?

- (1) Third to the left
 (2) Third to the right
 (3) Second to the left
 (4) Immediate right
 (5) Fourth to the right

Directions (81-85) : Study the following arrangement carefully and answer the questions given below —

2 4 8 5 6 β 1 3 @ 6

4 5 2 # 9 7 1 @ 3 €

81. Which of the following digit/symbol is second to the right of the tenth from the left end ?

- (1) @ (2) 4
 (3) 3 (4) 5
 (5) 2

82. How many pairs of numbers are there in the series highlighted in **bold** in the above arrangement each of which has as many numbers between them (in both forward and backward directions) as they have between them in the numerical series?

- (1) One (2) Two
 (3) Three (4) Four
 (5) Five

83. How many symbols are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately followed by a perfect square? (one is also a perfect square)

- (1) One (2) Two
 (3) Three (4) Four
 (5) Five

84. How many perfect squares are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by an even number? (one is also a perfect square)

- (1) None
 (2) One
 (3) Two
 (4) Three
 (5) More than three

85. If all the symbols are dropped from the above arrangement, which of the following will be the twelfth from the right end of the above arrangement ?

- (1) 2 (2) 5
 (3) 3 (4) 7
 (5) None of these

Directions (86-90) : In each question below are three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the three statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Give answer (1) if only conclusion I follows.

Give answer (2) if only conclusion II follows.

Give answer (3) if either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Give answer (4) if neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.

Give answer (5) if both conclusions I and II follow

86. Statements :

Some black are blue.

No blue are white.

Some white which are black are grey.

Conclusions :

I. Some grey are blue.

II. Some white are not black.

87. Statements :

All villages are cities.

All cities are countries.

All countries are towns.

Conclusions :

I. All towns are villages.

II. Some cities are not towns.

88. Statements :

Some books are poetry.

All poetry is philosophy.

Some philosophy is psychology.

Conclusions :

I. Some books are philosophy.

II. Some psychology is not philosophy.

16. (1) throw (2) keep
 (3) fill (4) emptied
 (5) reduced
17. (1) insure (2) deplete
 (3) getting (4) eating
 (5) receive
18. (1) trapped (2) tasted
 (3) bought (4) chased
 (5) discovered
19. (1) burst (2) started
 (3) turned (4) walked
 (5) held
20. (1) mistake (2) offence
 (3) significance (4) problem
 (5) event

Directions (21 - 30) : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are printed in **bold** to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions.

Amrutananda was a well-known and rich landlord in his village. He and his wife were both **cunning** and extremely sly. They made a lot of money by cheating and ill-treating their labourers who worked in their fields.

One day, a young man named Manikya came to Amrutananda, asking for work. Amrutananda was pleasantly surprised. No one ever wanted to work for him because of his reputation, and here was someone walking right into his house! Manikya's next few words made him even happier. Manikya said, 'I will work for you for free. You need not pay me a salary, only give me a place to sleep, two sets of clothes and two meals a day.' Amrutananda was filled with joy when he heard this and was about to agree, when Manikya added, 'I have only one condition: I will tell you the truth always, but one day of the year I will lie to you.'

Amrutananda, who lied happily every day of the year, agreed to this **odd** condition. So Manikya joined him. He was a wonderful worker - hard - working and trustworthy. He was very honest and soon became Amrutananda's right hand man. A year went by, and because of Manikya's hard work, Amrutananda had an excellent harvest. He and his wife Mandakini, decided to have a big feast to celebrate. They invited all their relatives and friends, who came from across the village and outside to participate in this celebration. Everyone was looking forward to the delicious feast being planned. On the morning of the feast, Amrutananda decided he would also give away some gifts to his relatives, just so that he could show-off. So he set off for the market in his cart. As soon as he was out of sight, Manikya went running to his mistress,

Mandakini. He wept loudly and beat his chest. Then he fell on the floor sobbing, and announced, 'The master is dead.' The cart **overturned** on the road. Our master has been flattened like a Chapatti" As soon as Amrutananda's wife and relatives heard this, they started wailing. Manikya rushed out, saying he would bring back the body, while everyone started preparing for the last rites.

Manikya now went running to his master and said "Master! Your wife is dead. My kind, loving mistress is dead. A cobra bit her and she fell to the ground, as blue as the spring sky." Amrutananda was **stunned**. His beloved Mandakini, his partner in all his schemes, was dead! He couldn't believe it. He rushed back home shouting her name.

Mandakini was weeping loudly, sitting in the courtyard. When she saw her husband run in, she stopped mid - wail, and Amrutananda too, stood open-mouthed and speechless. Then they fell into each other's arms, unable to believe their eyes.

At once they turned to Manikya, "What is the meaning of this. Manikya?" his master demanded in a stern voice. Manikya smiled, "Remember my condition, that I would lie only once in a year? Well, I choose today. You see what lies can do? They nearly destroyed your life. Now think about what happens to the people you lie to everyday. Saying this he walked out, leaving behind a stunned and **ashamed** landlord.

21. Why didn't anyone want to work for Amrutananda ?
- (1) He always ill-treated and cheated his labourers.
 - (2) He wanted people to work for him for free
 - (3) He never paid their dues on time.
 - (4) He hardly made them work
 - (5) He had too many conditions
22. Why did Manikya volunteer to work for Amrutananda for free?
- (1) His food and shelter would be taken care of.
 - (2) He was fond of Amrutananda.
 - (3) He had heard many stories of Amrutananda's generosity.
 - (4) He wanted to teach Amrutananda a lesson.
 - (5) He could not find work anywhere else.
23. What could be an appropriate moral to the story ?
- (1) Lying destroys lives.

- (2) Never employ anyone for free.
 - (3) Always think before you cry.
 - (4) Never show off your wealth.
 - (5) Feasts always lead to tragedy.
24. On what condition did Manikya agree to stay and work for Amrutananda ?
- (1) He would be treated like a family member.
 - (2) He would be allowed to lie on anyone day in the year.
 - (3) He would leave the day his master, Amrutananda, lied to him.
 - (4) He would not accept any salary, either in kind or in cash from Amrutananda.
 - (5) That he could leave whenever he pleased without prior notice.
25. Why did Amrutananda and his wife, Mandakini, wish to have a celebration ?
- (1) They wanted to treat Manikya to a feast for his effort in the successful harvest.
 - (2) They wanted to give Manikya a farewell.
 - (3) They received a rich harvest and so wanted to have a feast.
 - (4) They had abundant food and did not know what to do with it.
 - (5) They wanted to show off their wealth to their neighbours.
26. Which of the following could be an appropriate title for the story ?
- (1) The Unfortunate Landlord.
 - (2) Manikya — the wise labourer.
 - (3) The Evil Labourer
 - (4) The Glorious Feast
 - (5) The Feast that turned into a Disaster.

Directions (27 - 28) : Choose the word which is most nearly the **SAME** in meaning as the word printed in **bold** as used in the passage.

27. Overturned

- (1) Slipped
- (2) Rotated
- (3) Inverted
- (4) Accident
- (5) Blocked

28. Odd

- (1) Acceptable
- (2) Normal
- (3) Favourable
- (4) Unique

question.

51. What is the rate of interest p.c.p.a.?

I. Simple interest earned in 3 years is Rs. X.

II. The amount increases by 80% in 5 years.

52. What is the speed of the current?

I. A man can swim a distance of 9 kms. in $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs. down streams.

II. While coming back up streams it takes him 3 hours to cover the same distance

53. How many children are there in the class?

I. Boys and girls are in the ratio of 8 : 5 respectively and number of girls is less than that of boys by 24.

II. Number of girls in the class is 40

54. What is the two digit number?

I. Difference between the digits is 7.

II. Sum of the digits is 11.

55. How much time will Ravindra take to complete one round, cycling around the boundary of a circular ground?

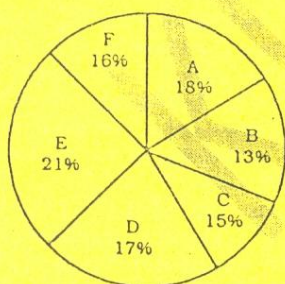
I. Speed of cycling is 12 kmph

II. Diameter of the ground is 700 metres

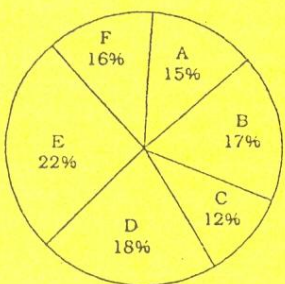
Directions (56-60) : Study the following graphs carefully to answer these questions.

Quantity of various items produced and the amount earned by selling them

Quantity produced Total = 2000 tons



Income by selling the products
Total = Rs. 45 millions



56. If the expenditure incurred in

production of product 'C' per ton was Rs. 16000, what was the per cent profit earned?

(1) 12.5 (2) 11.11

(3) 12.25 (4) 11.28

(5) None of these

57. What is the average per ton selling price of all the six products together?

(1) Rs. 20,525

(2) Rs. 18,500

(3) Rs. 22,500

(4) Rs. 20,500

(5) Rs. 18,525

58. What is the selling price of product 'A' per ton?

(1) Rs. 17,580

(2) Rs. 18,570

(3) Rs. 17,850

(4) Rs. 18,750

(5) None of these

59. **Approximately**, what was the average selling price per ton of products D & E together?

(1) Rs. 21,800

(2) Rs. 22,800

(3) Rs. 22,000

(4) Rs. 22,500

(5) Rs. 23,500

60. Which product has the highest selling price per ton?

(1) A (2) B

(3) C (4) D

(5) None of these

Directions (61-65) : Study the following table to answer these questions.

Number of Officers in various Departments of an Organization in different Scales

Deptt. Scale	Personnel	Operations	Systems	Accounts	Maintenance	Public Relations
I	225	725	750	300	325	175
II	120	426	576	288	240	150
III	75	250	320	120	85	100
IV	40	126	144	60	30	50
V	25	65	70	35	20	35
VI	4	20	28	15	8	5

61. What is the ratio between the total number of employees in Scale III and Scale IV respectively?

(1) 19 : 9 (2) 9 : 19

(3) 17 : 9 (4) 9 : 17

(5) None of these

62. Total number of employees in Scale VI is what per cent of the total number of employees in Scale-I?

(1) 2.8 (2) 2.4

(3) 3.6 (4) 3.2

(5) None of these

63. In Public Relations department the number of employees in Scale II is less than that in Scale I by what percent? (rounded off to two digits after decimal).

(1) 14.67 (2) 16.67

(3) 14.29 (4) 16.27

(5) None of these

64. Out of the total number of employees in 'Personnel' department, **approximately** what per cent of employees are in scale II?

(1) 30 (2) 28

(3) 22 (4) 20

(5) 25

65. What percentage of Scale IV officers are deployed in 'Operations' department?

(1) 26.5 (2) 28

(3) 28.5 (4) 27

(5) None of these

REASONING ABILITY

66. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to the group?

(1) Iron (2) Copper

(3) Ceramic (4) Silver

(5) Zinc

67. In a certain code 'RAISE' is coded as 'SBJTF' and 'LEASE' is coded as 'MFBTF'. How will 'FLOWN' be coded in the same code?

(1) PXMGO (2) GXMPO

(3) GMPXO (4) PXOGM

(5) XOPGM

68. Rajesh correctly remembers that his friend Sanjay started working after April but before September. Vinod correctly remembers that Sanjay did not have a job before May. Madan correctly remembers

that the month Sanjay started working had 30 days. In which month of the year did Sanjay definitely start working?

(1) July

(2) August

(3) September

(4) either August or September

(5) June

69. Starting from Point X, Joy walked 15 metres towards the West. He turned left and walked 20 metres. He took another left and walked 15 metres. After which he took a right turn and walked for another 12 metres. How far is Joy from point X if he faces North?

88. Statements :

All children are students.
Some students are adults.
All adults are workers.

Conclusions :

- I. Some students are workers.
II. All children are adults.

90. Statements :

Some actors are dancers.
All dancers are musicians.
No musicians are painters.

Conclusions :

- I. Some painters are actors.
II. No painters are dancers.

Directions (91-95) : The following questions are based on the five three digit numbers given below:

374 659 821 945 247

91. If 1 is subtracted from the last digit of each of the numbers, how many numbers thus formed will be divisible by two ?
(1) None (2) One
(3) Two (4) Three
(5) Four
92. If in each number, the first and the second digits are interchanged, which of the following will be the third lowest number?
(1) 374 (2) 659
(3) 821 (4) 945
(5) 247
93. If in each number, all the three digits are arranged in ascending order within the number, which of the following will be the second highest number ?
(1) 374 (2) 659
(3) 821 (4) 945
(5) 247
94. If one is subtracted from the last digit of each of the numbers, in how many numbers thus formed will the last digit be a perfect square ? (one is also a perfect square)
(1) None (2) One
(3) Two (4) Three
(5) Four
95. If in each number, 2 is added to the middle digit and then the first 2 digits are interchanged, which number will be the largest ?
(1) 659 (2) 945
(3) 374 (4) 247
(5) 821

Directions (96-100) : Study the information carefully and answer the given questions :

A, D, E, F, H, J and K are sitting in a straight line facing north (not necessarily in the same order).

- (a) D sits fourth to the right of A.
(b) E is on the extreme left end of the line. There are five persons between E and K.
(c) J sits third to the left of K. F is not an immediate neighbour of D.

96. Which of the following represents the person sitting exactly in the middle of the line ?

- (1) J (2) F
(3) H (4) A
(5) None of these

97. How many persons sit between A and H ?

- (1) One (2) Two
(3) Three (4) Four
(5) More than four

98. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their seating positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which pair does not belong to that group ?

- (1) AF (2) JH
(3) EA (4) DK
(5) FH

99. What is the position of F with respect to H ?

- (1) Second to the right
(2) Immediate to the right
(3) Immediate of the left
(4) Third to the right
(5) Second to the left

100. If the seating arrangement (from left to right) is taken as English alphabets, how many such pairs of letters are there in the arrangement each of which has as many letters between them (in both forward and backward directions) in the arrangement, as they have between them in the English alphabetical series ?

- (1) None (2) One
(3) Two (4) Three
(5) More than three

ANSWERS

MODEL PAPER - 2

1. (4)	2. (4)	3. (3)	4. (5)
5. (3)	6. (4)	7. (3)	8. (1)
9. (2)	10. (5)	11. (1)	12. (2)
13. (3)	14. (2)	15. (4)	16. (4)
17. (5)	18. (3)	19. (1)	20. (3)
21. (1)	22. (4)	23. (1)	24. (2)
25. (3)	26. (2)	27. (3)	28. (5)
29. (3)	30. (2)	31. (4)	32. (5)
33. (4)	34. (5)	35. (3)	36. (5)
37. (2)	38. (1)	39. (3)	40. (4)
41. (1)	42. (2)	43. (1)	44. (3)
45. (2)	46. (3)	47. (2)	48. (3)
49. (5)	50. (4)	51. (2)	52. (5)
53. (1)	54. (4)	55. (5)	56. (1)
57. (3)	58. (4)	59. (5)	60. (2)
61. (1)	62. (4)	63. (3)	64. (5)
65. (2)	66. (3)	67. (3)	68. (5)
69. (3)	70. (3)	71. (5)	72. (4)
73. (2)	74. (2)	75. (1)	76. (5)
77. (4)	78. (4)	79. (3)	80. (1)
81. (4)	82. (4)	83. (2)	84. (3)
85. (2)	86. (4)	87. (4)	88. (1)
89. (1)	90. (2)	91. (5)	92. (4)
93. (4)	94. (2)	95. (3)	96. (1)
97. (2)	98. (5)	99. (5)	100. (3)